

Part Number: 9498207002
Frequency Range: Dimensions
Description: 98 PLANAR E CORE
Application: Inductive Components
Where Used: Closed Magnetic Circuit
Part Type: Planar Cores
Generic Name: EE64/21

Mechanical Specifications

Weight: 200.000(g)

Part Type Information

EE14/7, EE18/8, EE22/11, EE32/13, EE38/16, EE43/19, EE64/21, EI 14/5, EI 18/6, EI 22/7, EI 32/10, E 64/15, ER9.5, ER11, ER14.5

Planar EE cores, and Planar EI cores, with their low profile are suitable for board level installation allowing assembly without the need for plastic coilformers and can also allow windings integrated into multi-level PCBs. Planar ER cores with their low mass and low profile are suitable for Surface Mount installations in low power filter and transformer applications.

-Planar EE, ER, and EI core part number is for a set.

-Planar EE, ER and EI cores can be supplied with the center post gapped to a mechanical dimension, or supplied as sets gapped for an AL value.

Mechanical Specifications

Dim	mm	mm tol	nominal inch	inch misc.
A	64.00	± 1	2.520	-
B	10.35	± 0.15	0.407	-
C	51.00	± 0.8	2.008	-
D	5.30	± 0.25	0.209	-
E	53.80	± 1	2.118	-
F	10.30	± 0.2	0.406	-
G	-	-	-	-
H	-	-	-	-
J	-	-	-	-
K	-	-	-	-

Electrical Specifications

Typical Impedance (Ω)	

Electrical Properties	
A_L (nH)	14800 ±25%
A_e (cm ²)	5.20000
$\sum I/A$ (cm ⁻¹)	1.54
l_e (cm)	8.07
V_e (cm ³)	41.50000
A_{min} (cm ²)	5.150

Land Patterns

V	W ref	X	Y	Z
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-

Winding Information

Turns	Wire	1st Wire	2nd Wire
Tested	Size	Length	Length
-	-	-	-

Reel Information

Tape Width	Pitch	Parts 7 "	Parts 13 "	Parts 14 "
mm	mm	Reel	Reel	Reel
-	-	-	-	-

Package Size

Pkg Size
-
(-)

Connector Plate

# Holes	# Rows
-	-

Legend

+ Test frequency

Preferred parts, the suggested choice for new designs, have shorter lead times and are more readily available.

The column H(Oe) gives for each bead the calculated dc bias field in oersted for 1 turn and 1 ampere direct current. The actual dc H field in the application is this value of H times the actual NI (ampere-turn) product. For the effect of the dc bias on the impedance of the bead material, see figures 18-23 in the application note How to choose Ferrite Components for EMI Suppression.

A ½ turn is defined as a single pass through a hole.

$\sum I/A$ - Core Constant

A_e - Effective Cross-Sectional Area

A_L - Inductance Factor ($\frac{L}{N^2}$)

N/AWG - Number of Turns/Wire Size for Test Coil

l_e - Effective Path Length

V_e - Effective Core Volume

NI - Value of dc Ampere-turns



Ferrite Material Constants

Specific Heat	0.25 cal/g/°C
Thermal Conductivity	10x10 ⁻³ cal/sec/cm/°C
Coefficient of Linear Expansion	8 - 10x10 ⁻⁶ /°C
Tensile Strength	4.9 kgf/mm ²
Compressive Strength	42 kgf/mm ²
Young's Modulus	15x10 ³ kgf/mm ²
Hardness (Knoop)	650
Specific Gravity	≈ 4.7 g/cm ³

The above quoted properties are typical for Fair-Rite MnZn and NiZn ferrites.

See next page for further material specifications.



A low loss MnZn ferrite material for power applications up to 200kHz.

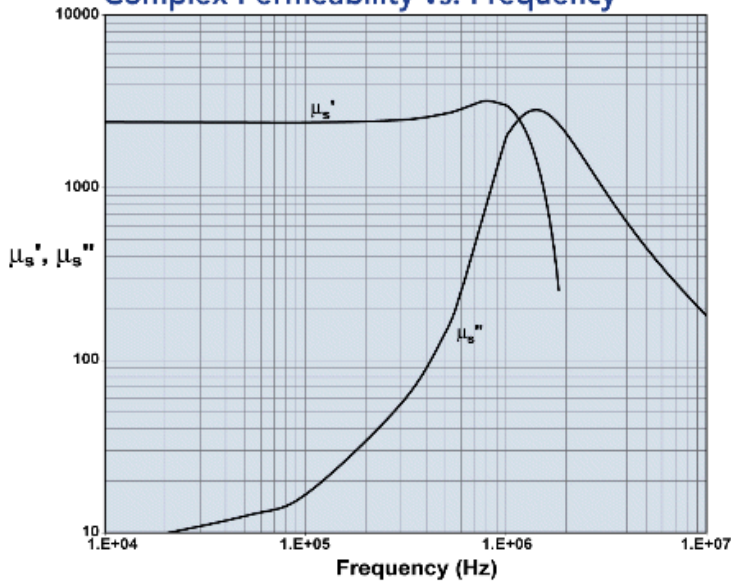
New type 98 Material is an improved version of Fair-Rite's 78 Material, this material supplies lower power loss at 100°C at moderate flux densities for operation below 200kHz.

Shapes available in 98 material are Toroids, U Cores, E&I Cores, Pot Cores, RM, PQ, ETD, EFD, EP, EER.

98 Material Characteristics

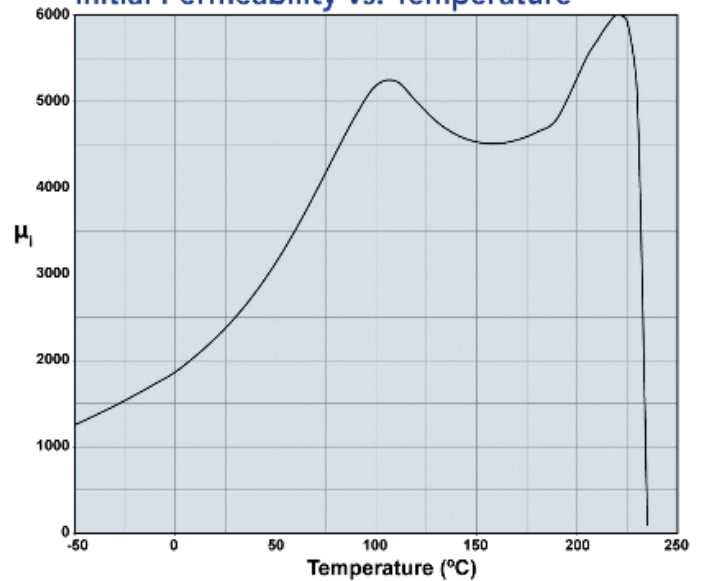
Property	Unit	Symbol	Value
Initial Permeability @ B < 10gauss		μ_i	2400
Flux Density @ Field Strength	gauss oersted	B H	5000 5
Residual Flux Density	gauss	B_r	1800
Coercive Force	oersted	H_c	0.17
Loss Factor @ Frequency	10^{-6} MHz	$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	3.5 0.1
Temperature Factor of Initial Permeability (25 - 60°C)	$10^{-8}/^\circ\text{C}$		5.8
Curie Temperature	°C	T_c	> 215
Resistivity	ohm-cm	ρ	200

Complex Permeability vs. Frequency



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid using HP 4284A and HP 4291A.

Initial Permeability vs. Temperature

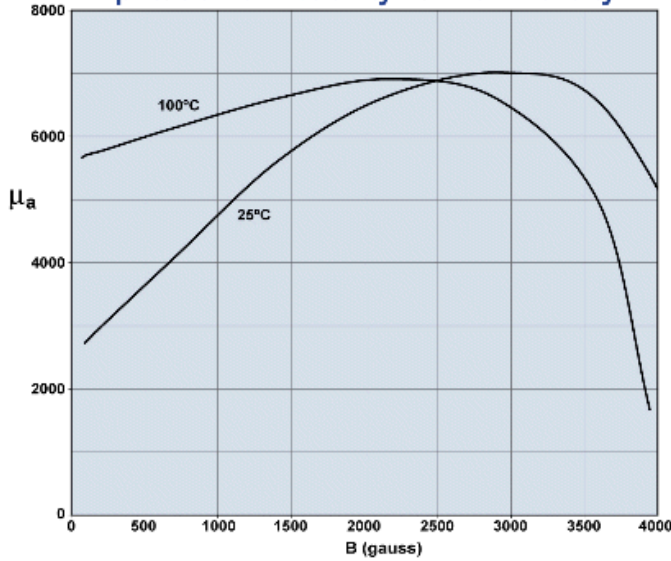


Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz.



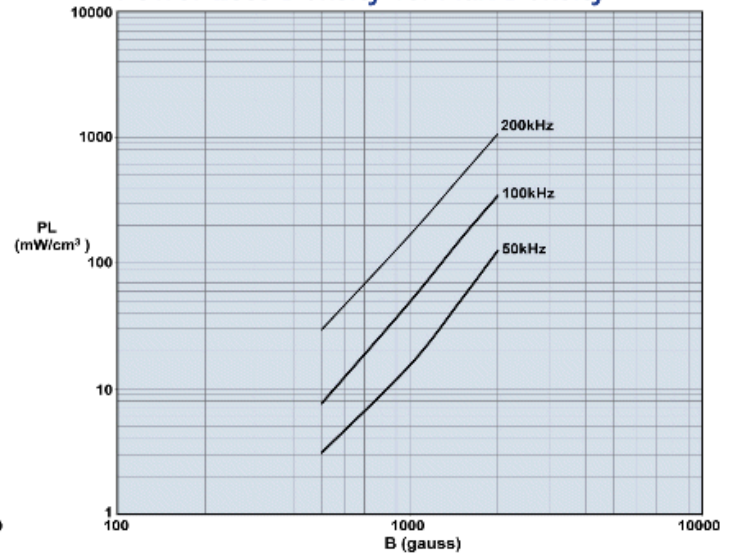
A low loss MnZn ferrite material for power applications up to 200kHz.

Amplitude Permeability vs. Flux Density



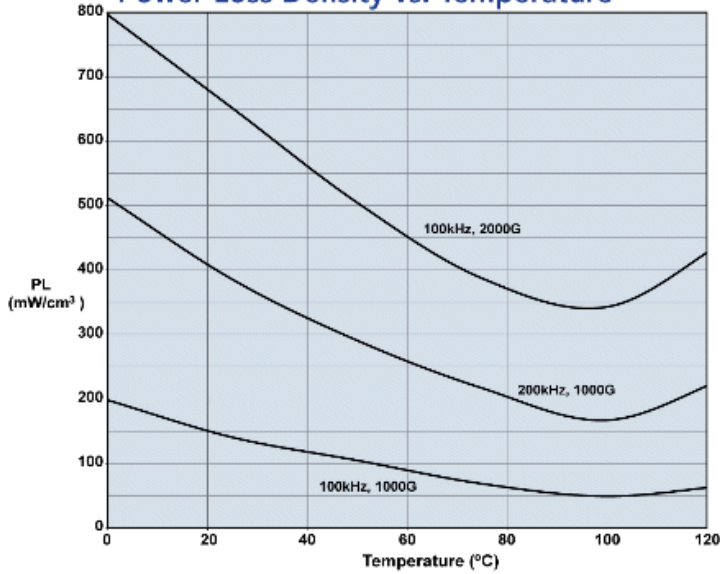
Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz.

Power Loss Density vs. Flux Density



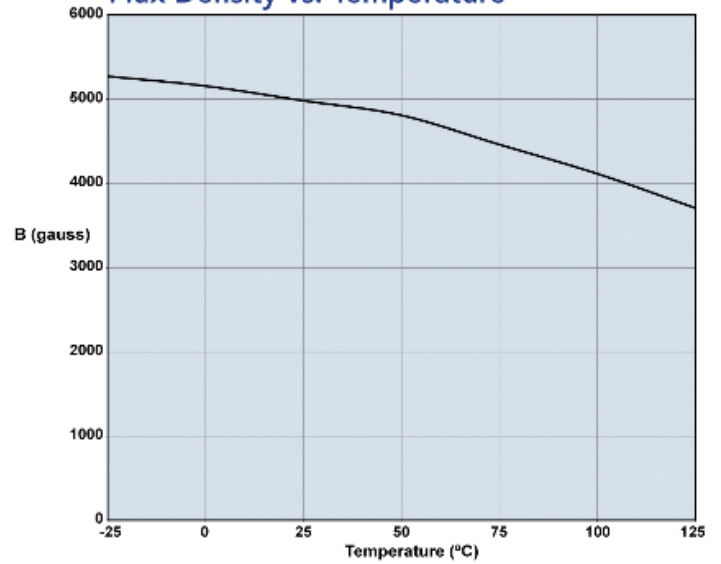
Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid using the Clarke Hess 258 VAW at 100°C.

Power Loss Density vs. Temperature



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid using the Clarke Hess 258 VAW.

Flux Density vs. Temperature



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz and H=5 oersted.